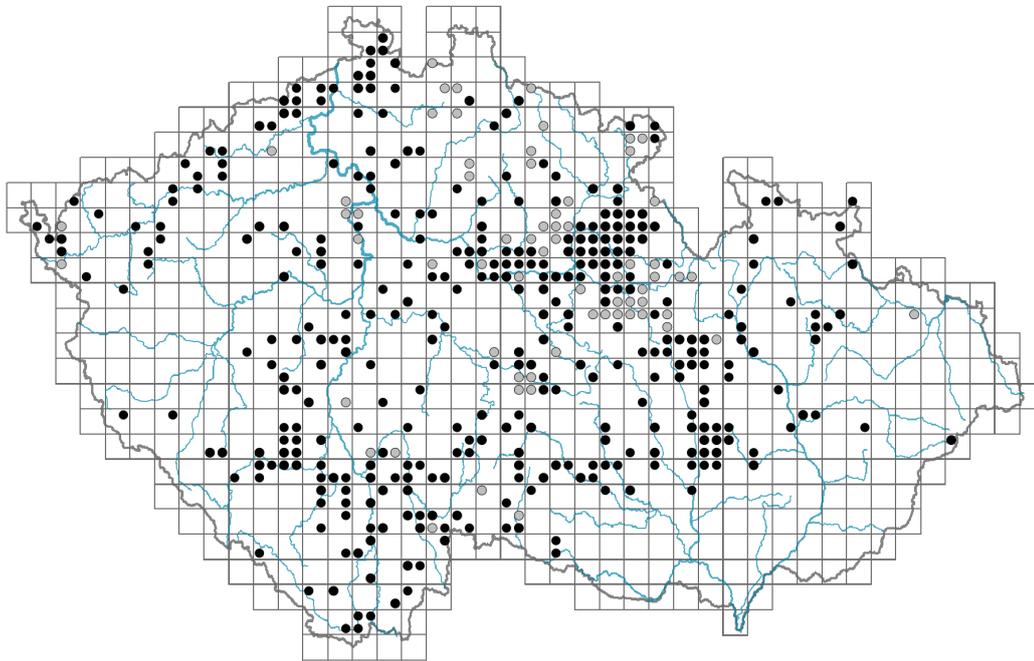


# Veronica agrestis

## Distribution



### Map info

● revised records

○ unrevised records

On the map are not visualized records without the coordinates and records marked as incorrect or doubtful.



## Habitus and growth type

Height [m]: **0.05-0.15**

Growth form: **annual herb**

Life form: **therophyte**

Life strategy: **R - ruderal**

Life strategy (Pierce method based on leaf traits): **R**

Life strategy (Pierce method, C-score): **8.6 %**

Life strategy (Pierce method, S-score): **0 %**

Life strategy (Pierce method, R-score): **91.4 %**

## Leaf

Leaf presence and metamorphosis: **leaves present, not modified**

Leaf arrangement (phyllotaxis): **alternate, opposite**

Leaf shape: **simple - entire**

Stipules: **absent**

Petiole: **present**

Leaf life span: **overwintering green**

Leaf anatomy: **mesomorphic, hygromorphic**

## Flower

Flowering period [month]: **March-October**

Flower colour: **white**  
Flower symmetry: **zygomorphic**  
Perianth type: **calyx and corolla**  
Perianth fusion: **fused**  
Shape of the sympetalous corolla or syntepalous perianth: **rotate**  
Calyx fusion: **fused at the base**  
Inflorescence type: **racemus**  
Dicliny: **synoecious**  
Generative reproduction type: **facultative autogamy**  
Pollination syndrome: **insect-pollination, selfing**

### **Fruit, seed and dispersal**

Fruit type: **dry fruit - capsule**  
Reproduction type: **only by seed/spores**  
Dispersal unit (diaspore): **seed**  
Dispersal strategy: **Allium (mainly autochory)**  
Myrmecochory: **probably myrmecochorous**

### **Belowground organs and clonality**

Shoot life span (cyclicity): **monocyclic shoots prevailing**  
Primary root: **present**  
Bud bank  
Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds excluded):  
Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds excluded):  
Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds excluded):  
Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded):  
Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded) [cm]:  
Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds included):  
Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds included):  
Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds included):  
Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds included):  
Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds included) [cm]:

### **Trophic mode**

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotrophic**  
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**  
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

### **Taxon origin**

Origin in the Czech Republic: **archaeophyte**  
Invasion status: **naturalized**  
Geographic origin: **Mediterranean**  
Period of introduction: **Neolithic (5600-4200 BCE)**  
Introduction pathway: **unintentional - agriculture**

## Ecological indicator values

### Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **6 - transition between values 5 and 7; rarely at less than 20% of diffuse radiation incident in an open area**

Temperature indicator value: **6 - transition between values 5 and 7**

Moisture indicator value: **5 - indicator of fresh soils, focus on soils of average moisture, missing on wet and on soils that frequently dry out**

Reaction indicator value: **6 - transition between values 5 and 7**

Nutrient indicator value: **7 - occurring at nutrient-rich sites more often than at average sites and only exceptionally at poor sites**

Salinity indicator value: **0 - not salt tolerant, glycophyte**

### Indicator values for disturbance

Whole-community disturbance frequency indicator value: **0.53**

Herb layer disturbance frequency indicator value: **0.53**

Whole-community disturbance severity indicator value: **1**

Herb layer disturbance severity indicator value: **1**

Whole-community structure based disturbance indicator value: **0.78**

Herb layer structure-based disturbance indicator value: **0.92**

## Habitat and sociology

### Occurrence in habitats

9 Sand grasslands and rock-outcrop vegetation

9E Acidophilous vegetation of spring therophytes and succulents: **1 - rare occurrence**

9F Basiphilous vegetation of spring therophytes and succulents: **1 - rare occurrence**

13 Anthropogenic vegetation

13A Annual vegetation of ruderal habitats: **2 - optimum**

13B Annual vegetation of arable land: **2 - optimum**

### Affinity to the forest environment

Affinity to the forest environment in Thermophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**

Affinity to the forest environment in Mesophyticum and Oreophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**

### Ecological specialization indices

Ecological specialization index for all vegetation types: **6.5**

Ecological specialization index for non-forest vegetation: **6.5**

### Colonization ability

Index of colonization success (ICS): **3**

Index of colonization potential (ICP): **6**

Optimum successional age [years]: **4**

## Distribution and frequency

Floristic zone: **boreal, northern temperate, southern temperate, submeridional, meridional**

Floristic region: **Europe**

Distribution range extension along the continentality gradient: **5**

Elevational belt in the Czech Republic: **colline belt, submontane belt (lowlands)**

Occurrence frequency in the basic grid mapping cells and quadrants of the basic grid mapping cells: 282

taxon.data.freq\_in\_quad: 443

Commonness in vegetation plots from the Czech Republic

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots: **0.2 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 5%: **11.5 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 25%: **0 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 50%: **0 %**

Mean percentage cover in vegetation plots: **3.5 %**

Maximum percentage cover in vegetation plots: **13 %**

Number of habitats with taxon occurrence in the Czech Republic

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon occurs: **4**

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **2**

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon occurs: **2**

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **1**

### **Threats and protection**

Red List 2017 (national categories): **C2t - endangered taxon, declining**

Red List 2017 (IUCN categories): **EN - endangered**

Legal protection: **not protected by law**