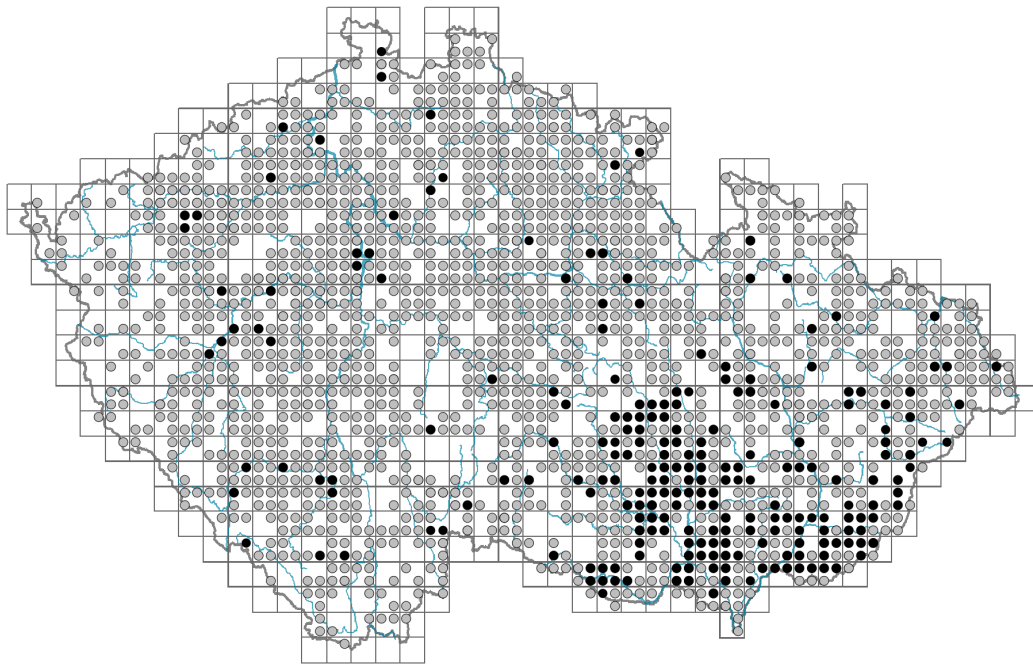


Arenaria serpyllifolia agg.

Distribution



Map info

● revised records

● unrevised records

On the map are not visualized records without the coordinates and records marked as incorrect or doubtful.



Habitus and growth type

Height [m]: **0.03-0.4**

Growth form: **annual herb**

Life form: **therophyte**

Life strategy: **R - ruderal**

Life strategy (Pierce method based on leaf traits): **SR**

Life strategy (Pierce method, C-score): **0 %**

Life strategy (Pierce method, S-score): **45.4 %**

Life strategy (Pierce method, R-score): **54.6 %**

Leaf

Leaf presence and metamorphosis: **leaves present, not modified**

Leaf arrangement (phyllotaxis): **opposite**

Leaf shape: **simple - entire**

Stipules: **absent**

Petiole: **present**

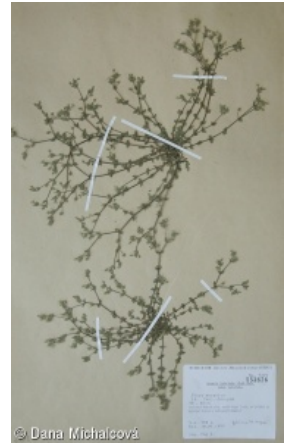
Leaf life span: **overwintering green**

Leaf anatomy: **scleromorphic**

Flower

Flowering period [month]: **May-October**

Flowering phase: **4 Fagus sylvatica-Galeobdolon (start of mid-spring)**
 Flower colour: **white**
 Flower symmetry: **actinomorphic**
 Perianth type: **calyx and corolla**
 Perianth fusion: **free**
 Calyx fusion: **aposepalous**
 Inflorescence type: **dichasium**
 Dicliny: **synoecious, gynomonoecious, gynodioecious**
 Generative reproduction type: **autogamy**
 Pollination syndrome: **insect-pollination, selfing**
 Pollinator spectrum: **other Diptera, other pollinators (solitary bees, other Hymenoptera, hoverflies, flies s. l., beetles, thrips)**



Fruit, seed and dispersal

Fruit type: **dry fruit - capsule**
 Fruit colour: **brown**
 Reproduction type: **only by seed/spores**
 Dispersal unit (diaspore): **seed**
 Dispersal strategy: **Allium (mainly autochory)**
 Myrmecochory: **myrmecochorous nv**



Belowground organs and clonality

Shoot metamorphosis: **pleiocorm**
 Storage organ: **pleiocorm**
 Shoot life span (cyclicity): **monocyclic shoots prevailing, dicyclic or polycyclic shoots prevailing**
 Primary root: **present**
 Bud bank
 Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds excluded): **3**
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds excluded): **0**
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds excluded): **0**
 Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded): **3**
 Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded) [cm]: **1**
 Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds included): **3**
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds included): **0**
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds included): **0**
 Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds included): **3**
 Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds included) [cm]: **1**



Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotrophic**
 Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
 Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Karyology

Chromosome number (2n): **40**

Ploidy level (x): **4**

2C genome size [Mbp]: **1376.4**

1Cx monoploid genome size [Mbp]: **344.1**

Taxon origin

Origin in the Czech Republic: **native**

Ecological indicator values

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8 - light plant, only exceptionally occurring at less than 40% of diffuse radiation incident in an open area**

Temperature indicator value: **5 - moderate heat indicator, occurring from lowland to montane belt, mainly in submontane-temperate areas**

Moisture indicator value: **4 - transition between values 3 and 5**

Reaction indicator value: **6 - transition between values 5 and 7**

Nutrient indicator value: **4x - transition between values 3 and 5 (generalist)**

Salinity indicator value: **0 - not salt tolerant, glycophyte**

Indicator values for disturbance

Whole-community disturbance frequency indicator value: **-0.23**

Herb layer disturbance frequency indicator value: **-0.13**

Whole-community disturbance severity indicator value: **0.61**

Herb layer disturbance severity indicator value: **0.64**

Whole-community structure based disturbance indicator value: **0.66**

Herb layer structure-based disturbance indicator value: **0.74**

Habitat and sociology

Occurrence in habitats

1 Vegetation of cliffs, screes and walls

1A Calcareous cliffs: **1 - rare occurrence**

1B Siliceous cliffs and block fields: **1 - rare occurrence**

1C Walls: **1 - rare occurrence**

1D Mobile calcareous screes: **1 - rare occurrence**

6 Meadows and mesic pastures

6A Mesic Arrhenatherum meadows: **1 - rare occurrence**

6C Pastures and park grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**

6G Vegetation of wet disturbed soils: **1 - rare occurrence**

7 Acidophilous grasslands

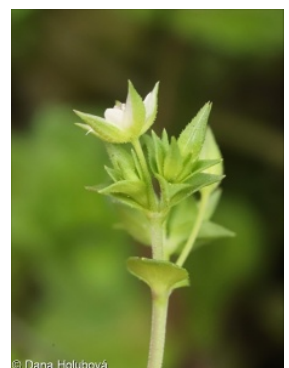
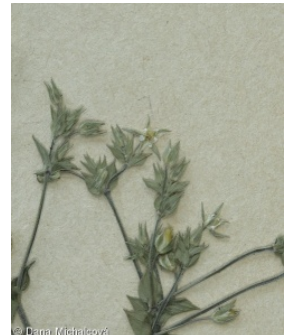
7B Submontane Nardus grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**

8 Dry grasslands

8A Hercynian dry grasslands on rock outcrops: **2 - optimum**

8B Submediterranean dry grasslands on rock outcrops: **2 - optimum**

8C Narrow-leaved sub-continental steppes: **2 - optimum**



- 8D Broad-leaved dry grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**
 8E Acidophilous dry grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**
 8F Thermophilous forest fringe vegetation: **1 - rare occurrence**
 9 Sand grasslands and rock-outcrop vegetation
 9B Open vegetation of acidic sands: **1 - rare occurrence**
 9C Festuca grasslands on acidic sands: **2 - optimum**
 9D Pannonian sand steppes: **2 - optimum**
 9E Acidophilous vegetation of spring therophytes and succulents: **2 - optimum**
 9F Basiphilous vegetation of spring therophytes and succulents: **2 - optimum**
 11 Heathlands and scrub
 11N Low xeric scrub: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12 Forests
 12H Peri-Alpidic basiphilous thermophilous oak forests: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12J Acidophilous thermophilous oak forests: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12T Robinia pseudacacia plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12W Pine and larch plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**
 13 Anthropogenic vegetation
 13A Annual vegetation of ruderal habitats: **1 - rare occurrence**
 13B Annual vegetation of arable land: **2 - optimum**
 13C Annual vegetation of trampled habitats: **1 - rare occurrence**
 13D Perennial thermophilous ruderal vegetation: **2 - optimum**

Affinity to the forest environment

Affinity to the forest environment in Thermophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**

Affinity to the forest environment in Mesophyticum and Oreophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**

Diagnostic taxon

Diagnostic taxon of classes: [TG Festucetea vaginatae](#)

Diagnostic taxon of alliances: [TFF Alyso alyssoidis-Sedion](#), [TGA Festucion vaginatae](#)

Diagnostic taxon of associations: [TFF01 Cerastietum](#), [TFF02 Alyso alyssoidis-Sedetum](#), [TGA01 Diantho serotini-Festucetum vaginatae](#), [THA04 Helichryso arenariae-Festucetum pallentis](#), [THD02 Erysimo crepidifolii-Festucetum valesiacae](#), [THD06 Astragalo exscapi-Crambetum tatariae](#)

Constant taxon

Constant taxon of classes: [TG Festucetea vaginatae](#)

Constant taxon of alliances: [TFF Alyso alyssoidis-Sedion](#), [TGA Festucion vaginatae](#)

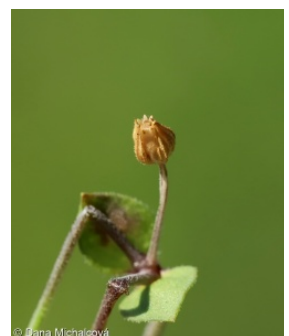
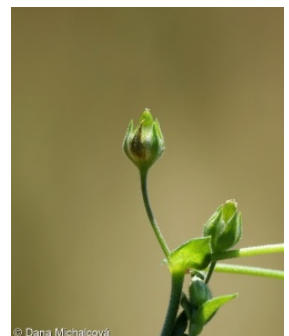
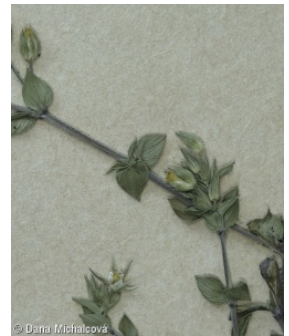
Constant taxon of associations: [TFF01 Cerastietum](#), [TFF02 Alyso alyssoidis-Sedetum](#), [TGA01 Diantho serotini-Festucetum vaginatae](#), [THA04 Helichryso arenariae-Festucetum pallentis](#), [THC04 Asplenio cuneifolii-Seslerietum caeruleae](#), [THD02 Erysimo crepidifolii-Festucetum valesiacae](#), [THD06 Astragalo exscapi-Crambetum tatariae](#)

Ecological specialization indices

Ecological specialization index for all vegetation types: **3.7**

Ecological specialization index for non-forest vegetation: **3.7**

Ecological specialization index for forest vegetation: **4.3**



Distribution and frequency

Floristic zone: **boreal, northern temperate, southern temperate, submeridional, meridional**

Floristic region: **Europe, Western Asia**

Distribution range extension along the continentality gradient: **6**

Elevational belt in the Czech Republic: **lowlands, colline belt, submontane belt, montane belt**

Occurrence frequency in the basic grid mapping cells and quadrants of the basic grid mapping cells: **608**

taxon.data.freq_in_quad: 1685

Commonness in vegetation plots from the Czech Republic

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots: **2 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 5%: **4.2 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 25%: **0.3 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 50%: **0 %**

Mean percentage cover in vegetation plots: **2.6 %**

Maximum percentage cover in vegetation plots: **38 %**

Number of habitats with taxon occurrence in the Czech Republic

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon occurs: **28**

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **9**

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon occurs: **8**

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **3**

