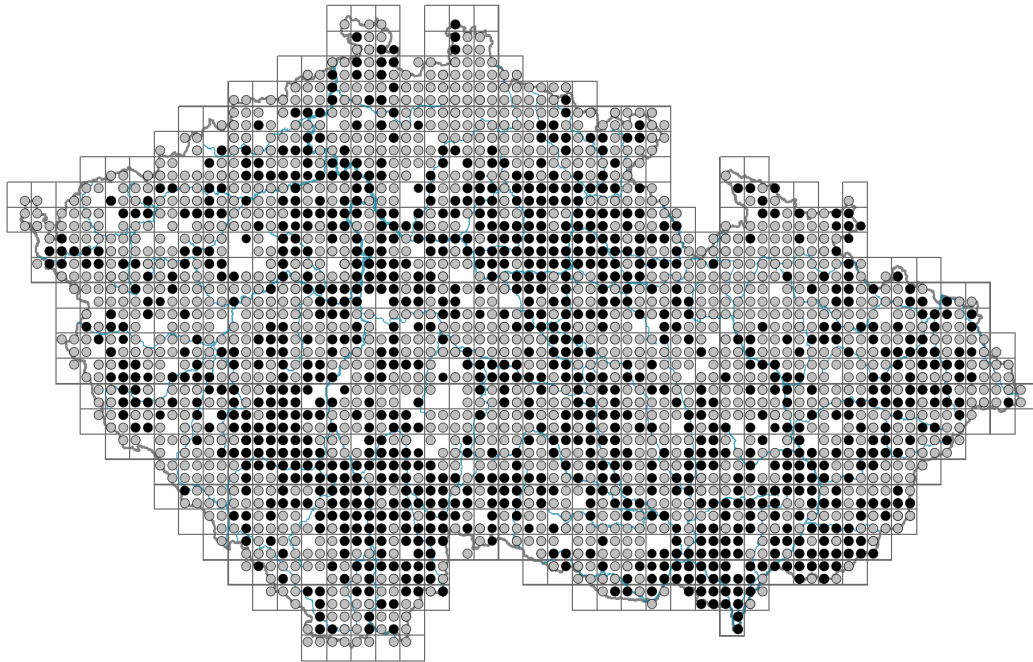


# *Plantago major* agg.

## Distribution



### Map info

● revised records

● unrevised records

On the map are not visualized records without the coordinates and records marked as incorrect or doubtful.

## Habitus and growth type

Height [m]: **0.05-0.4**

Growth form: **clonal herb**

Life form: **hemicryptophyte**

Life strategy: **R - ruderal**

## Leaf

Leaf presence and metamorphosis: **leaves present, not modified**

Leaf arrangement (phyllotaxis): **rosulate**

Leaf shape: **simple - entire**

Stipules: **absent**

Petiole: **present**

Leaf life span: **summer green**

Leaf anatomy: **scleromorphic, mesomorphic, helomorphic**



## Flower

Flowering period [month]: **June-October**

Flower colour: **green, brown**

Flower symmetry: **actinomorphic**

Perianth type: **calyx and corolla**

Perianth fusion: **fused**

Shape of the sympetalous corolla or syntepalous perianth: **tubular**  
 Calyx fusion: **synsepalous**  
 Inflorescence type: **spica**  
 Dicliny: **synoecious**  
 Generative reproduction type: **facultative allogamy**  
 Pollination syndrome: **wind-pollination, selfing, geitonogamy**  
 Pollinator spectrum: **bumblebees, solitary bees, hoverflies, other Diptera, butterflies, beetles**

## Fruit, seed and dispersal

Fruit type: **dry fruit - capsule**  
 Fruit colour: **violet, brown**  
 Reproduction type: **mostly by seed/spores, rarely vegetatively, only by seed/spores**  
 Dispersal unit (diaspore): **seed**  
 Dispersal strategy: **Allium (mainly autochory)**  
 Myrmecochory: **non-myrmecochorous (b)**

## Belowground organs and clonality

Shoot metamorphosis: **rhizome**  
 Storage organ: **rhizome**  
 Type of clonal growth organ: **epigeogenous rhizome**  
 Freely dispersible organs of clonal growth: **absent**  
 Shoot life span (cyclicity): **monocyclic shoots prevailing**  
 Branching type of stem-derived organs of clonal growth: **monopodial**  
 Primary root: **absent**  
 Persistence of the clonal growth organ [year]: **3.6**  
 Number of clonal offspring: **1.6**  
 Lateral spreading distance by clonal growth [m]: **0.01**

## Bud bank

Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds excluded):  
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds excluded):  
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds excluded):  
 Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded):  
 Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded) [cm]:  
 Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds included):  
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds included):  
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds included):  
 Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds included):  
 Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds included) [cm]:

## Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotrophic**  
 Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**  
 Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**



## Karyology

Chromosome number (2n): **12**

Ploidy level (x): **2**

2C genome size [Mbp]: **1304**

1Cx monoploid genome size [Mbp]: **652**

## Taxon origin

Origin in the Czech Republic: **native**

## Ecological indicator values

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **7 - half-light plant, mostly occurring at full light, but also in the shade up to about 30% of diffuse radiation incident in an open area**

Temperature indicator value: **5x - moderate heat indicator, occurring from lowland to montane belt, mainly in submontane-temperate areas (generalist)**

Moisture indicator value: **6 - transition between values 5 and 7**

Reaction indicator value: **6x - transition between values 5 and 7 (generalist)**

Nutrient indicator value: **6 - transition between values 5 and 7**

Salinity indicator value: **1 - salt tolerant, mostly on low-salt to salt-free soils, but occasionally on slightly salty soils**

## Habitat and sociology

Occurrence in habitats

3 Aquatic vegetation

3C Macrophytic vegetation of oligotrophic lakes and pools: **1 - rare occurrence**

4 Wetland and riverine herbaceous vegetation

4B Halophilous reed and sedge beds: **2 - optimum**

4C Eutrophic vegetation of muddy substrata: **1 - rare occurrence**

4D Riverine reed vegetation: **1 - rare occurrence**

4E Reed vegetation of brooks: **1 - rare occurrence**

4G Tall-sedge beds: **1 - rare occurrence**

4H Vegetation of low annual hygrophilous herbs: **2 - optimum**

4I Vegetation of nitrophilous annual hygrophilous herbs: **2 - optimum**

4J River gravel banks: **1 - rare occurrence**

4K Petasites fringes of montane brooks: **1 - rare occurrence**

4L Nitrophilous herbaceous fringes of lowland rivers: **1 - rare occurrence**

5 Vegetation of springs and mires

5B Lowland to montane soft-water springs: **1 - rare occurrence**

6 Meadows and mesic pastures

6A Mesic Arrhenatherum meadows: **1 - rare occurrence**

6B Montane mesic meadows: **1 - rare occurrence**

6C Pastures and park grasslands: **2 - optimum**

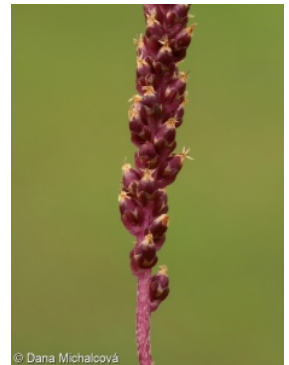
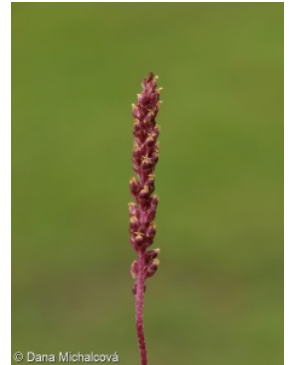
6D Alluvial meadows of lowland rivers: **2 - optimum**

6E Wet Cirsium meadows: **1 - rare occurrence**





- 6F Intermittently wet Molinia meadows: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 6G Vegetation of wet disturbed soils: **2 - optimum**  
 7 Acidophilous grasslands  
 7A Subalpine and montane acidophilous grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 7B Submontane Nardus grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 8 Dry grasslands  
 8F Thermophilous forest fringe vegetation: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 9 Sand grasslands and rock-outcrop vegetation  
 9B Open vegetation of acidic sands: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 9C Festuca grasslands on acidic sands: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 9D Pannonian sand steppes: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 10 Saline vegetation  
 10G Continental vegetation of annual halophilous grasses: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 10I Inland saline meadows: **2 - optimum**  
 10J Saline steppes: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 11 Heathlands and scrub  
 11J Willow galleries of loamy and sandy river banks: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 11L Tall mesic and xeric shrub: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 11R Scrub and pioneer woodland of forests clearings: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 12 Forests  
 12T Robinia pseudacacia plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 12U Plantations of broad-leaved non-native trees: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 12V Spruce plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 12W Pine and larch plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 13 Anthropogenic vegetation  
 13A Annual vegetation of ruderal habitats: **2 - optimum**  
 13B Annual vegetation of arable land: **2 - optimum**  
 13C Annual vegetation of trampled habitats: **2 - optimum**  
 13D Perennial thermophilous ruderal vegetation: **2 - optimum**  
 13E Perennial nitrophilous herbaceous vegetation of mesic sites: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 13F Herbaceous vegetation of forests clearings and Rubus scrub: **1 - rare occurrence**  
 Affinity to the forest environment  
 Affinity to the forest environment in Thermophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**  
 Affinity to the forest environment in Mesophyticum and Oreophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**



## Distribution and frequency

Floristic zone: **northern temperate, southern temperate, submeridional**

Floristic region: **Europe**

Elevational belt in the Czech Republic: **lowlands, colline belt, submontane belt, montane belt, subalpine belt**

Occurrence frequency in the basic grid mapping cells and quadrants of the basic grid mapping cells: 660

taxon.data.freq\_in\_quad: 2341

Commonness in vegetation plots from the Czech Republic

Maximum percentage cover in vegetation plots: **88 %**

Number of habitats with taxon occurrence in the Czech Republic

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon occurs: **41**

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **11**

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon occurs: **11**

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **4**