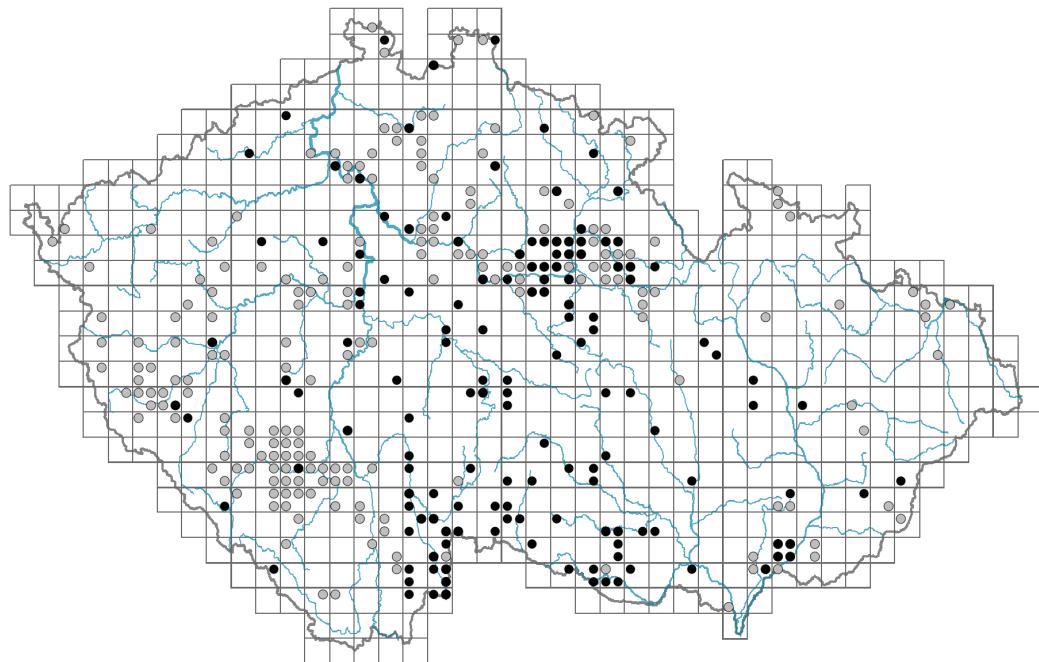


Filago minima

Distribution



Map info	
●	revised records
○	unrevised records
On the map are not visualized records without the coordinates and records marked as incorrect or doubtful.	



Habitus and growth type

Height [m]: **0.05-0.2**

Growth form: **annual herb**

Life form: **therophyte**

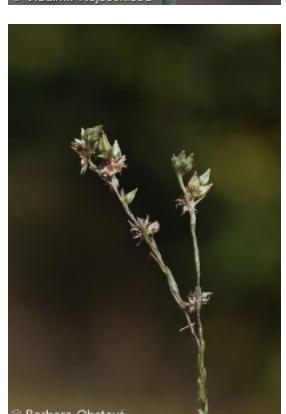
Life strategy: **SR - stress-tolerator/ruderal**

Life strategy (Pierce method based on leaf traits): **SR**

Life strategy (Pierce method, C-score): **0 %**

Life strategy (Pierce method, S-score): **58.4 %**

Life strategy (Pierce method, R-score): **41.6 %**



Leaf

Leaf presence and metamorphosis: **leaves present, not modified**

Leaf arrangement (phyllotaxis): **alternate**

Leaf shape: **simple - entire**

Stipules: **absent**

Petiole: **absent**

Leaf life span: **overwintering green**

Leaf anatomy: **scleromorphic**

Flower

Flowering period [month]: **June-September**

Flowering phase: **8 Clematis vitalba-Galium sylvaticum (mid-summer)**

Flower colour: **yellow**

Flower symmetry: **actinomorphic**

Perianth type: **calyx sometimes absent, corolla present**

Perianth fusion: **fused**

Shape of the sympetalous corolla or syntepalous perianth: **tubular, filiform**

Calyx fusion: **pappus**

Inflorescence type: **anthella ex capitulis anthodiorum composita**

Dicliny: **gynomonoecious**

Generative reproduction type: **facultative autogamy**

Pollination syndrome: **wind-pollination, selfing**



Fruit, seed and dispersal

Fruit type: **dry fruit - achene/cypselia/samara**

Fruit colour: **brown**

Reproduction type: **only by seed/spores**

Dispersal unit (diaspore): **fruit, infrutescence or its part**

Dispersal strategy: **Epilobium (mainly anemochory and autochory)**

Myrmecochory: **probably non-myrmecochorous**



Belowground organs and clonality

Shoot life span (cyclicity): **monocyclic shoots prevailing**

Primary root: **present**

Bud bank

Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds excluded): **8**

Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0-10 cm (root buds excluded):

Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds excluded):

Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded): **8**

Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded) [cm]:

Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds included): **8**

Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0-10 cm (root buds included):

Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds included):

Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds included): **8**

Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds included) [cm]:



Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotrophic**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in the Czech Republic: **native**

Ecological indicator values

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **9 - full light plant, occurring only in fully irradiated places, not at less than 50% of diffuse radiation incident in an open area**

Temperature indicator value: **6 - transition between values 5 and 7**

Moisture indicator value: **2 - transition between values 1 and 3**

Reaction indicator value: **4 - transition between values 3 and 5**

Nutrient indicator value: **2 - transition between values 1 and 3**

Salinity indicator value: **0 - not salt tolerant, glycophyte**

Indicator values for disturbance

Whole-community disturbance frequency indicator value: **0.05**

Herb layer disturbance frequency indicator value: **0.05**

Whole-community disturbance severity indicator value: **0.43**

Herb layer disturbance severity indicator value: **0.47**

Whole-community structure based disturbance indicator value: **0.84**

Herb layer structure-based disturbance indicator value: **0.78**

Habitat and sociology

Occurrence in habitats

8 Dry grasslands

8E Acidophilous dry grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**

9 Sand grasslands and rock-outcrop vegetation

9B Open vegetation of acidic sands: **2 - optimum**

9C Festuca grasslands on acidic sands: **1 - rare occurrence**

9D Pannonian sand steppes: **2 - optimum**

9E Acidophilous vegetation of spring therophytes and succulents: **1 - rare occurrence**

11 Heathlands and scrub

11A Dry lowland to subalpine heathlands: **1 - rare occurrence**

Affinity to the forest environment

Affinity to the forest environment in Thermophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**

Affinity to the forest environment in Mesophyticum and Oreophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**

Diagnostic taxon

Diagnostic taxon of classes: [**TG Festucetea vaginatae**](#)

Diagnostic taxon of alliances: [**TFA Corynephorion canescens**](#), [**TFB Thero-Airion**](#), [**TGA Festucion vaginatae**](#), [**XBJ Salsolian rutenicae**](#)

Diagnostic taxon of associations: [**TFA01 Corniculario aculeatae-Corynephoretum canescens**](#), [**TFA02 Festuco psammophilae-Koelerietum glaucae**](#), [**TFB01 Airetum praecocis**](#), [**TFB02 Vulpietum myuri**](#), [**TGA01 Diantho serotini-Festucetum vaginatae**](#), [**XBJ03 Plantagini arenariae-Senecionetum viscosi**](#)

Ecological specialization indices

Ecological specialization index for all vegetation types: **4.7**

Ecological specialization index for non-forest vegetation: **4.6**

Colonization ability

Index of colonization success (ICS): 5

Index of colonization potential (ICP): 8

Optimum successional age [years]: 5

Distribution and frequency

Floristic zone: **northern temperate, southern temperate, submeridional, meridional**

Floristic region: **Europe**

Continentality degree: 4

Distribution range extension along the continentality gradient: 4

Elevational belt in the Czech Republic: **lowlands, colline belt, submontane belt**

Occurrence frequency in the basic grid mapping cells and quadrants of the basic grid mapping cells: 224

taxon.data.freq_in_quad: 333

Commonness in vegetation plots from the Czech Republic

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots: 0.2 %

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 5%: 2.1 %

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 25%: 0 %

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 50%: 0 %

Mean percentage cover in vegetation plots: 2.5 %

Maximum percentage cover in vegetation plots: 13 %

Number of habitats with taxon occurrence in the Czech Republic

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon occurs: 6

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: 2

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon occurs: 3

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: 1

Threats and protection

Red List 2017 (national categories): **C3 - vulnerable taxon**

Red List 2017 (IUCN categories): **NT - near threatened**

Legal protection: **not protected by law**