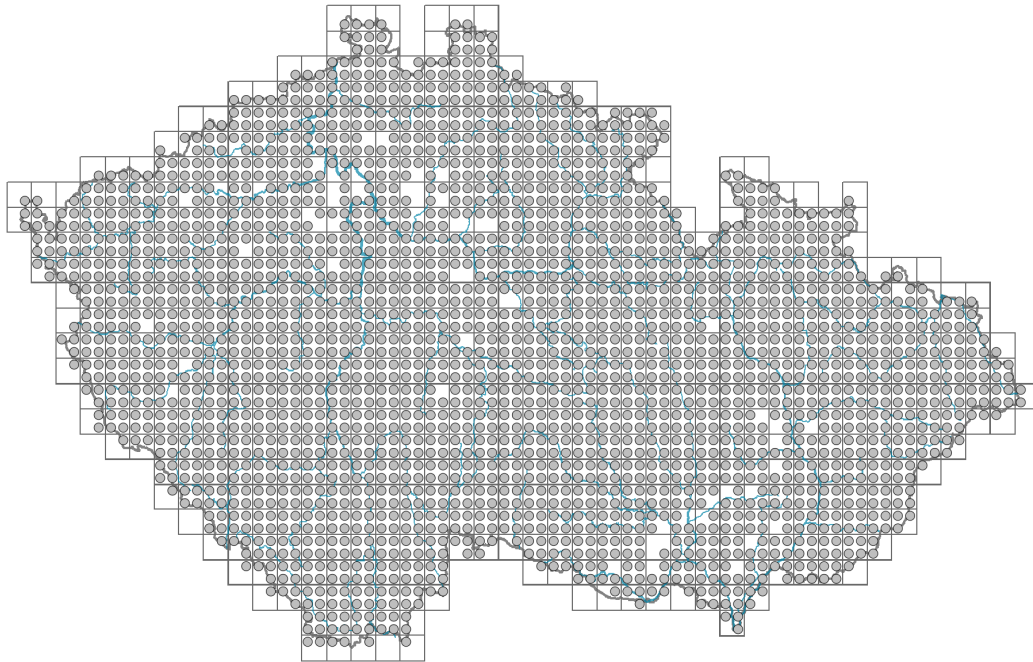


Ranunculus repens

Distribution

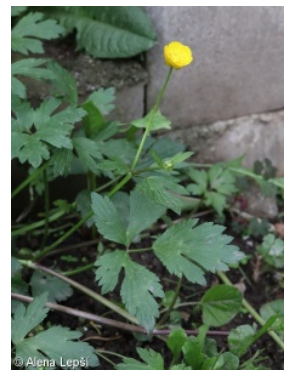


Map info

● revised records

○ unrevised records

On the map are not visualized records without the coordinates and records marked as incorrect or doubtful.



Habitus and growth type

Height [m]: **0.1-0.4**

Growth form: **clonal herb**

Life form: **hemicryptophyte**

Life strategy: **CSR - competitor/stress-tolerator/ruderal**

Life strategy (Pierce method based on leaf traits): **CR**

Life strategy (Pierce method, C-score): **53 %**

Life strategy (Pierce method, S-score): **8 %**

Life strategy (Pierce method, R-score): **39.1 %**

Leaf

Leaf presence and metamorphosis: **leaves present, not modified**

Leaf arrangement (phyllotaxis): **alternate**

Leaf shape: **compound - ternate**

Stipules: **absent**

Petiole: **both present and absent**

Leaf life span: **evergreen**

Leaf anatomy: **hygromorphic, helomorphic**

Flower

Flowering period [month]: **May-August**

Flowering phase: **5 Sorbus aucuparia-Galium odoratum (end of mid-spring)**

Flower colour: **yellow**

Flower symmetry: **actinomorphic**

Perianth type: **calyx and corolla**

Perianth fusion: **free**

Calyx fusion: **aposepalous**

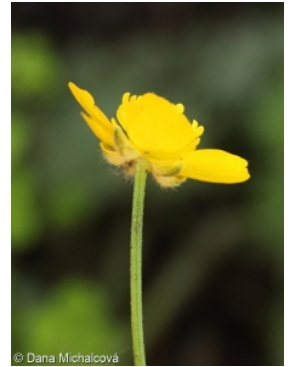
Inflorescence type: **flores solitarii**

Dicliny: **synoecious, gynodioecious**

Generative reproduction type: **alogamy self-incompatibility**

Pollination syndrome: **insect-pollination, selfing**

Pollinator spectrum: **hoverflies, flies s. l., other Diptera (honeybee, bumblebees, solitary bees, other Hymenoptera, meat flies s. l., butterflies, beetles, nitidulids, thrips, other pollinators)**



Fruit, seed and dispersal

Fruit type: **dry fruit - head of achenes**

Fruit colour: **brown**

Reproduction type: **by seed/spores and vegetatively**

Dispersal unit (diaspore): **fruit, infrutescence or its part**

Dispersal strategy: **Allium (mainly autochory)**

Myrmecochory: **non-myrmecochorous (b)**



Belowground organs and clonality

Shoot metamorphosis: **stolon**

Storage organ: **stolon**

Type of clonal growth organ: **stolon**

Freely dispersible organs of clonal growth: **absent**

Shoot life span (cyclicity): **dicyclic or polycyclic shoots prevailing**

Branching type of stem-derived organs of clonal growth: **sympodial**

Primary root: **absent**

Persistence of the clonal growth organ [year]: **1.3**

Number of clonal offspring: **5.1**

Lateral spreading distance by clonal growth [m]: **0.25**

Clonal index: **6**

Bud bank

Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds excluded): **12**

Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0-10 cm (root buds excluded): **8**

Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds excluded): **0**

Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded): **20**

Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded) [cm]: **3**

Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds included): **12**

Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0-10 cm (root buds included): **8**

Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds included): **0**

Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds included): **20**

Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds included) [cm]: **3**



Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotrophic**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Karyology

Chromosome number (2n): **32 (16)**

Ploidy level (x): **4 (2)**

2C genome size [Mbp]: **20046.15**

1Cx monoploid genome size [Mbp]: **5011.54**

Genomic GC content: **44.4 %**

Taxon origin

Origin in the Czech Republic: **native**

Ecological indicator values

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **6 - transition between values 5 and 7; rarely at less than 20% of diffuse radiation incident in an open area**

Temperature indicator value: **5x - moderate heat indicator, occurring from lowland to montane belt, mainly in submontane-temperate areas (generalist)**

Moisture indicator value: **7 - humidity indicator, focus on well moistened, but not wet soils**

Reaction indicator value: **7x - indicator of slightly acidic to slightly basic conditions, never occurring in very acidic conditions (generalist)**

Nutrient indicator value: **7 - occurring at nutrient-rich sites more often than at average sites and only exceptionally at poor sites**

Salinity indicator value: **1 - salt tolerant, mostly on low-salt to salt-free soils, but occasionally on slightly salty soils**

Indicator values for disturbance

Whole-community disturbance frequency indicator value: **-0.94**

Herb layer disturbance frequency indicator value: **-0.4**

Whole-community disturbance severity indicator value: **0.44**

Herb layer disturbance severity indicator value: **0.45**

Whole-community structure based disturbance indicator value: **0.49**

Herb layer structure-based disturbance indicator value: **0.58**

Habitat and sociology

Occurrence in habitats

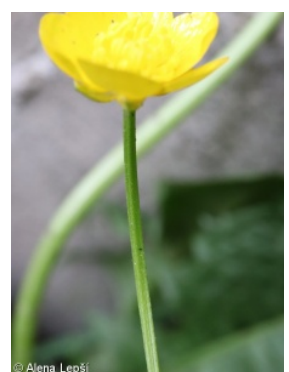
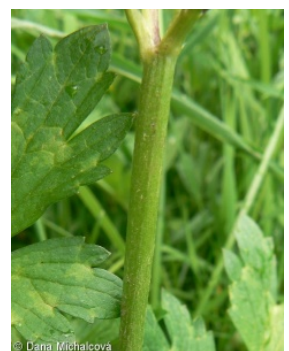
2 Alpine and subalpine grasslands

2B Subalpine tall-forb and tall-grass vegetation: **1 - rare occurrence**

3 Aquatic vegetation

3C Macrophytic vegetation of oligotrophic lakes and pools: **1 - rare occurrence**

4 Wetland and riverine herbaceous vegetation



- 4A Reed-beds of eutrophic still waters: **1 - rare occurrence**
 4B Halophilous reed and sedge beds: **1 - rare occurrence**
 4C Eutrophic vegetation of muddy substrata: **1 - rare occurrence**
 4D Riverine reed vegetation: **2 - optimum**
 4E Reed vegetation of brooks: **2 - optimum**
 4F Mesotrophic vegetation of muddy substrata: **1 - rare occurrence**
 4G Tall-sedge beds: **1 - rare occurrence**
 4H Vegetation of low annual hygrophilous herbs: **1 - rare occurrence**
 4I Vegetation of nitrophilous annual hygrophilous herbs: **2 - optimum**
 4J River gravel banks: **2 - optimum**
 4K Petasites fringes of montane brooks: **2 - optimum**
 4L Nitrophilous herbaceous fringes of lowland rivers: **1 - rare occurrence**
 5 Vegetation of springs and mires
 5A Hard-water springs with tufa formation: **1 - rare occurrence**
 5B Lowland to montane soft-water springs: **2 - optimum**
 5D Calcareous fens: **1 - rare occurrence**
 5E Acidic moss-rich fens and peatland meadows: **1 - rare occurrence**
 5F Transitional mires: **1 - rare occurrence**
 6 Meadows and mesic pastures
 6A Mesic Arrhenatherum meadows: **2 - optimum**
 6B Montane mesic meadows: **1 - rare occurrence**
 6C Pastures and park grasslands: **2 - optimum**
 6D Alluvial meadows of lowland rivers: **2 - optimum**
 6E Wet Cirsium meadows: **2 - optimum**
 6F Intermittently wet Molinia meadows: **2 - optimum**
 6G Vegetation of wet disturbed soils: **2 - optimum**
 7 Acidophilous grasslands
 7B Submontane Nardus grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**
 8 Dry grasslands
 8F Thermophilous forest fringe vegetation: **1 - rare occurrence**
 9 Sand grasslands and rock-outcrop vegetation
 9E Acidophilous vegetation of spring therophytes and succulents: **1 - rare occurrence**
 10 Saline vegetation
 10I Inland saline meadows: **2 - optimum**
 11 Heathlands and scrub
 11H Subalpine deciduous scrub: **1 - rare occurrence**
 11I Willow carrs: **1 - rare occurrence**
 11J Willow galleries of loamy and sandy river banks: **2 - optimum**
 11L Tall mesic and xeric shrub: **1 - rare occurrence**
 11R Scrub and pioneer woodland of forests clearings: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12 Forests
 12A Alder carrs: **2 - optimum**
 12B Alluvial forests: **2 - optimum**
 12C Oak-hornbeam forests: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12D Ravine forests: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12E Herb-rich beech forests: **1 - rare occurrence**



- 12F Limestone beech forests: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12G Acidophilous beech forests: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12I Sub-continental thermophilous oak forests: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12K Acidophilous oak forests: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12R Acidophilous spruce forests: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12T Robinia pseudacacia plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12U Plantations of broad-leaved non-native trees: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12V Spruce plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**
 12W Pine and larch plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**
 13 Anthropogenic vegetation
 13A Annual vegetation of ruderal habitats: **1 - rare occurrence**
 13B Annual vegetation of arable land: **2 - optimum**
 13C Annual vegetation of trampled habitats: **1 - rare occurrence**
 13D Perennial thermophilous ruderal vegetation: **1 - rare occurrence**
 13E Perennial nitrophilous herbaceous vegetation of mesic sites: **2 - optimum**
 13F Herbaceous vegetation of forests clearings and Rubus scrub: **1 - rare occurrence**

Affinity to the forest environment

Affinity to the forest environment in Thermophyticum: **2.1 - taxon occurring both in the forest and open vegetation**

Affinity to the forest environment in Mesophyticum and Oreophyticum: **2.1 - taxon occurring both in the forest and open vegetation**

Constant taxon

Constant taxon of classes: [TC Festuco-Puccinellietea](#)

Constant taxon of alliances: [RAA Caricion remotae](#), [TCB Juncion gerardii](#), [TDE Deschampsion cespitosae](#), [XDB Petasition hybridi](#), [XDF Rumicion alpini](#)

Constant taxon of associations: [KAB02 Salicetum purpureae](#), [LAA03 Carici acutiformis-Alnetum glutinosae](#), [LBA01 Alnetum incanae](#), [LBA02 Piceo abietis-Alnetum glutinosae](#), [LBA03 Carici remotae-Fraxinetum excelsioris](#), [MAC03 Pulicario vulgaris-Menthetum pulegii](#), [MCD03 Tussilagini farfarae-Calamagrostietum pseudophragmitae](#), [MCE02 Glycerietum notatae](#), [MCG04 Comaro palustris-Caricetum cespitosae](#), [MCH05 Caricetum distichae](#), [MCH07 Caricetum vulpinae](#), [RAA01 Caricetum remotae](#), [RAA02 Cardamino-Chrysosplenietum alternifolii](#), [RBA03 Valeriano simplicifoliae-Caricetum flavae](#), [TCB01 Scorzonero parviflorae-Juncetum gerardii](#), [TCB02 Loto tenuis-Potentilletum anserinae](#), [TCB03 Agrostio stoloniferae-Juncetum ranarii](#), [TDC01 Lolio perennis-Cynosuretum cristati](#), [TDC05 Alchemillo hybridae-Poëtum supinae](#), [TDE01 Poo trivialis-Alopecuretum pratensis](#), [TDE02 Holcetum lanati](#), [TDE03 Lathyro palustris-Gratioletum officinalis](#), [TDE04 Cnidio dubii-Deschampsietum cespitosae](#), [TDF01 Angelico sylvestris-Cirsietum oleracei](#), [TDF02 Cirsietum rivularis](#), [TDF04 Crepido paludosae-Juncetum acutiflori](#), [TDF07 Scirpo sylvatici-Cirsietum cani](#), [TDF08 Scirpetum sylvatici](#), [TDF09 Caricetum cespitosae](#), [TDF10 Scirpo sylvatici-Caricetum brizoidis](#), [TDF11 Junco inflexi-Menthetum longifoliae](#), [XBC02 Spergulo arvensis-Scleranthetum annui](#), [XDB02 Petasitetum hybrido-kablikiani](#), [XDC01 Stachyo sylvaticae-Impatientetum nolitangere](#), [XDC04 Carici pendulae-Eupatorietum cannabini](#), [XDE03 Chaerophylletum aromatici](#), [XDE06 Anthrisco nitidae-Aegopodietum podagrariae](#), [XDF01 Rumicetum alpini](#)

Dominant taxon

Dominant taxon of associations: [MCC12 Tripleurospermo inodori-Bolboschoenetum planiculmis](#), [MCH07 Caricetum vulpinae](#), [TDE01 Poo trivialis-Alopecuretum](#)

[pratensis](#), [TDE02 Holcetum lanati](#), [TDF07 Scirpo sylvatici-Cirsietum cani](#), [TDF09 Caricetum cespitosae](#)

Ecological specialization indices

Ecological specialization index for all vegetation types: **3.8**

Ecological specialization index for non-forest vegetation: **4**

Ecological specialization index for forest vegetation: **5**

Colonization ability

Index of colonization success (ICS): **8**

Index of colonization potential (ICP): **4**

Optimum successional age [years]: **12**

Distribution and frequency

Floristic zone: **boreal, northern temperate, southern temperate, submeridional, meridional**

Floristic region: **Europe, Asia**

Distribution range extension along the continentality gradient: **7**

Elevational belt in the Czech Republic: **lowlands, colline belt, submontane belt, montane belt (subalpine belt)**

Occurrence frequency in the basic grid mapping cells and quadrants of the basic grid mapping cells: **667**

taxon.data.freq_in_quad: **2424**

Commonness in vegetation plots from the Czech Republic

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots: **11.7 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 5%: **13.3 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 25%: **2.9 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 50%: **0.5 %**

Mean percentage cover in vegetation plots: **4.5 %**

Maximum percentage cover in vegetation plots: **88 %**

Number of habitats with taxon occurrence in the Czech Republic

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon occurs: **55**

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **18**

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon occurs: **12**

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **7**

Threats and protection

Red List 2017 (national categories): **taxon is not on the Red List**

Red List 2017 (IUCN categories): **LC(NA) - least concern (taxon is not on the Red List)**

Legal protection: **not protected by law**