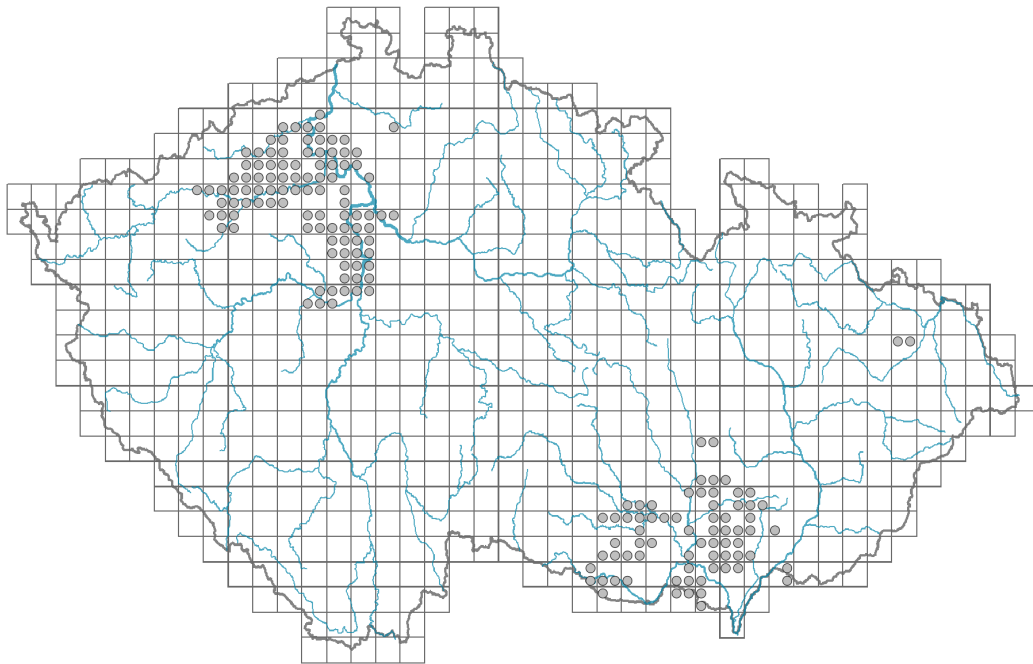


Seseli hippomarathrum

Distribution



Map info

● revised records

○ unrevised records

On the map are not visualized records without the coordinates and records marked as incorrect or doubtful.

Habitus and growth type

Height [m]: **0.15-0.6**

Growth form: **polycarpic perennial non-clonal herb**

Life form: **hemicryptophyte**

Life strategy: **CS - competitor/stress-tolerator**



Leaf

Leaf presence and metamorphosis: **leaves present, not modified**

Leaf arrangement (phyllotaxis): **alternate**

Leaf shape: **simple - pinnately divided**

Stipules: **absent**

Petiole: **both present and absent**

Leaf life span: **summer green**

Leaf anatomy: **scleromorphic**



Flower

Flowering period [month]: **July-August**

Flowering phase: **8 Clematis vitalba-Galium sylvaticum (mid-summer)**

Flower colour: **white**

Flower symmetry: **actinomorphic**

Perianth type: **calyx reduced, corolla present**

Perianth fusion: **free**
 Calyx fusion: **aposepalous**
 Inflorescence type: **umbella composita**
 Dicliny: **synoecious**
 Generative reproduction type: **facultative allogamy**
 Pollination syndrome: **insect-pollination**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Fruit type: **dry fruit - cremocarp**
 Fruit colour: **brown**
 Reproduction type: **only by seed/spores**
 Dispersal unit (diaspore): **fruit, infrutescence or its part**
 Dispersal strategy: **Allium (mainly autochory)**
 Myrmecochory: **non-myrmecochorous (b)**

Belowground organs and clonality

Shoot metamorphosis: **pleiocorm**
 Root metamorphosis: **primary storage root**
 Storage organ: **pleiocorm, primary storage root**
 Shoot life span (cyclicity): **dicyclic or polycyclic shoots prevailing**
 Branching type of stem-derived organs of clonal growth: **sympodial**
 Primary root: **present**

Bud bank

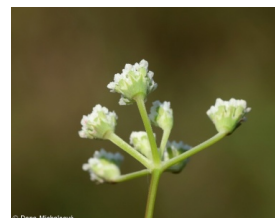
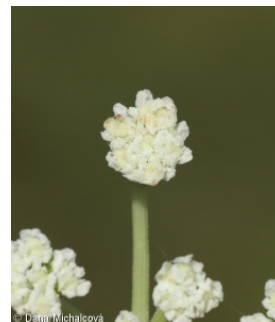
Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds excluded): **5**
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds excluded): **15**
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds excluded): **0**
 Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded): **20**
 Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded) [cm]: **4**
 Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds included): **5**
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds included): **15**
 Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds included): **0**
 Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds included): **20**
 Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds included) [cm]: **4**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotrophic**
 Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
 Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Karyology

Chromosome number (2n): **20**
 Ploidy level (x): **2**
 2C genome size [Mbp]: **2747.51**
 1Cx monoploid genome size [Mbp]: **1373.75**
 Genomic GC content: **38 %**



Taxon origin

Origin in the Czech Republic: **native**

Ecological indicator values

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **9 - full light plant, occurring only in fully irradiated places, not at less than 50% of diffuse radiation incident in an open area**

Temperature indicator value: **7 - heat indicator, occurring in relatively warm lowlands**

Moisture indicator value: **2 - transition between values 1 and 3**

Reaction indicator value: **9 - base and lime indicator, always occurring in calcium-rich conditions**

Nutrient indicator value: **1 - occurring at nutrient-poorest sites**

Salinity indicator value: **0 - not salt tolerant, glycophyte**

Indicator values for disturbance

Whole-community disturbance frequency indicator value: **-0.26**

Herb layer disturbance frequency indicator value: **-0.16**

Whole-community disturbance severity indicator value: **0.19**

Herb layer disturbance severity indicator value: **0.23**

Whole-community structure based disturbance indicator value: **0.56**

Herb layer structure-based disturbance indicator value: **0.65**

Habitat and sociology

Occurrence in habitats

1 Vegetation of cliffs, screes and walls

1A Calcareous cliffs: **1 - rare occurrence**

1D Mobile calcareous screes: **1 - rare occurrence**

8 Dry grasslands

8A Hercynian dry grasslands on rock outcrops: **2 - optimum**

8B Submediterranean dry grasslands on rock outcrops: **2 - optimum**

8C Narrow-leaved sub-continental steppes: **2 - optimum**

8D Broad-leaved dry grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**

8F Thermophilous forest fringe vegetation: **1 - rare occurrence**

9 Sand grasslands and rock-outcrop vegetation

9B Open vegetation of acidic sands: **1 - rare occurrence**

9F Basiphilous vegetation of spring therophytes and succulents: **1 - rare occurrence**

11 Heathlands and scrub

11N Low xeric scrub: **1 - rare occurrence**

12 Forests

12H Peri-Alpidic basiphilous thermophilous oak forests: **1 - rare occurrence**

12W Pine and larch plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**

Affinity to the forest environment

Affinity to the forest environment in Thermophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**

Affinity to the forest environment in Mesophyticum and Oreophyticum: **0 - taxon that**

does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests

Diagnostic taxon

Diagnostic taxon of classes: [TH Festuco-Brometea](#)Diagnostic taxon of alliances: [THB Bromo pannonici-Festucion pallentis](#), [THD Festucion valesiacae](#)Diagnostic taxon of associations: [THB01 Poo badensis-Festucetum pallentis](#), [THC01 Carici humilis-Seslerietum caeruleae](#), [THD01 Festuco valesiacae-Stipetum capillatae](#), [THD02 Erysimo crepidifolii-Festucetum valesiacae](#)

Constant taxon

Constant taxon of alliances: [THB Bromo pannonici-Festucion pallentis](#)Constant taxon of associations: [THB01 Poo badensis-Festucetum pallentis](#), [THD01 Festuco valesiacae-Stipetum capillatae](#), [THD02 Erysimo crepidifolii-Festucetum valesiacae](#)

Ecological specialization indices

Ecological specialization index for all vegetation types: **5.4**Ecological specialization index for non-forest vegetation: **5.4**

Colonization ability

Index of colonization success (ICS): **5**Index of colonization potential (ICP): **5**Optimum successional age [years]: **75****Distribution and frequency**Floristic zone: **southern temperate, submeridional**Floristic region: **Europe**Continental degree: **8**Distribution range extension along the continentality gradient: **5**Elevational belt in the Czech Republic: **lowlands, colline belt**Occurrence frequency in the basic grid mapping cells and quadrants of the basic grid mapping cells: **70**

taxon.data.freq_in_quad: 170

Commonness in vegetation plots from the Czech Republic

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots: **0.8 %**Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 5%: **10.1 %**Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 25%: **0.4 %**Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 50%: **0 %**Mean percentage cover in vegetation plots: **3.4 %**Maximum percentage cover in vegetation plots: **38 %**

Number of habitats with taxon occurrence in the Czech Republic

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon occurs: **12**Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **3**Number of broad habitats in which the taxon occurs: **5**Number of broad habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **1****Threats and protection**Red List 2017 (national categories): **C3 - vulnerable taxon**Red List 2017 (IUCN categories): **NT - near threatened**

Legal protection: **not protected by law**