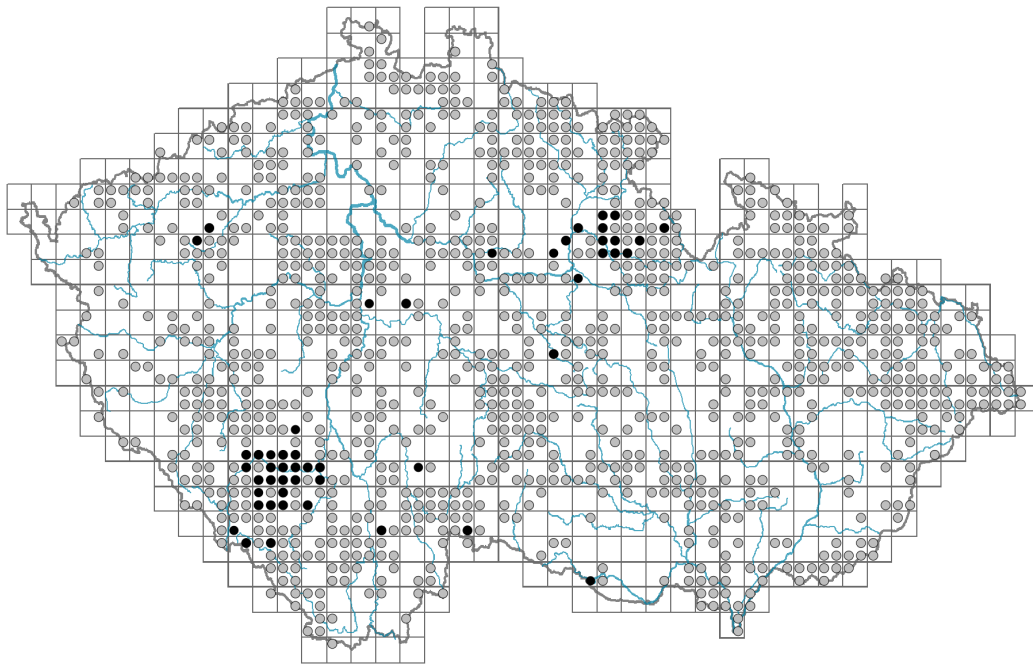


# *Cerastium holosteoides* subsp. *vulgare*

## Distribution



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### Map info

● revised records

○ unrevised records

On the map are not visualized records without the coordinates and records marked as incorrect or doubtful.

## Habitus and growth type

Height [m]: **0.05-0.4**

Growth form: **clonal herb**

Life form: **hemicryptophyte**

Life strategy (Pierce method based on leaf traits): **R**

Life strategy (Pierce method, C-score): **0 %**

Life strategy (Pierce method, S-score): **9.7 %**

Life strategy (Pierce method, R-score): **90.3 %**

## Leaf

Leaf presence and metamorphosis: **leaves present, not modified**

Leaf arrangement (phyllotaxis): **opposite**

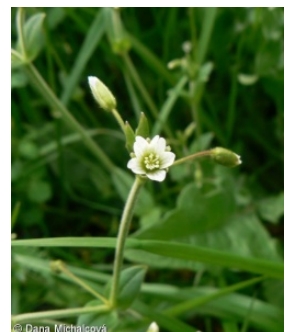
Leaf shape: **simple - entire**

Stipules: **absent**

Petiole: **both present and absent, absent**

Leaf life span: **evergreen**

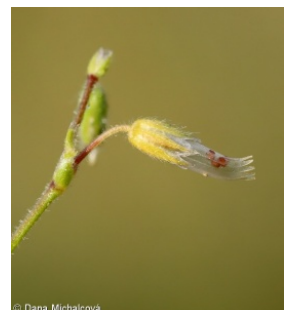
Leaf anatomy: **mesomorphic**



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## Flower

Flower colour: **white**

Flower symmetry: **actinomorphic**

Perianth type: **calyx and corolla**

Perianth fusion: **free**

Calyx fusion: **aposepalous**

Inflorescence type: **dichasium**

Generative reproduction type: **mixed mating**

Pollination syndrome: **insect-pollination, selfing**

Pollinator spectrum: **solitary bees, other Hymenoptera, hoverflies, flies s. l., other Diptera, thrips**



## Fruit, seed and dispersal

Fruit type: **dry fruit - capsule**

Fruit colour: **brown**

Reproduction type: **by seed/spores and vegetatively**

Dispersal unit (diaspore): **seed**

Dispersal strategy: **Allium (mainly autochory)**

Myrmecochory: **non-myrmecochorous (b)**

## Belowground organs and clonality

Shoot life span (cyclicity): **monocyclic shoots prevailing**

Branching type of stem-derived organs of clonal growth: **sympodial**

Primary root: **present**

### Bud bank

Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds excluded): **5**

Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds excluded): **5**

Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds excluded): **0**

Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded): **10**

Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds excluded) [cm]: **3**

Number of buds per shoot at the soil surface (root buds included): **5**

Number of buds per shoot at a depth of 0–10 cm (root buds included): **5**

Number of buds per shoot at a depth greater than 10 cm (root buds included): **0**

Size of the belowground bud bank (root buds included): **10**

Depth of the belowground bud bank (root buds included) [cm]: **3**

## Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotrophic**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

## Karyology

Chromosome number (2n): **144**

Ploidy level (x): **16**

2C genome size [Mbp]: **5128.43**

1Cx monoploid genome size [Mbp]: **320.53**

Genomic GC content: **39.9 %**

## Taxon origin

Origin in the Czech Republic: **native**

## Ecological indicator values

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **7 - half-light plant, mostly occurring at full light, but also in the shade up to about 30% of diffuse radiation incident in an open area**

Temperature indicator value: **5x - moderate heat indicator, occurring from lowland to montane belt, mainly in submontane-temperate areas (generalist)**

Moisture indicator value: **5 - indicator of fresh soils, focus on soils of average moisture, missing on wet and on soils that frequently dry out**

Reaction indicator value: **6x - transition between values 5 and 7 (generalist)**

Nutrient indicator value: **6 - transition between values 5 and 7**

Salinity indicator value: **1 - salt tolerant, mostly on low-salt to salt-free soils, but occasionally on slightly salty soils**

Indicator values for disturbance

Whole-community disturbance frequency indicator value: **-0.23**

Herb layer disturbance frequency indicator value: **-0.13**

Whole-community disturbance severity indicator value: **0.44**

Herb layer disturbance severity indicator value: **0.46**

Whole-community structure based disturbance indicator value: **0.64**

Herb layer structure-based disturbance indicator value: **0.8**

## Habitat and sociology

Occurrence in habitats

1 Vegetation of cliffs, screes and walls

1A Calcareous cliffs: **1 - rare occurrence**

1B Siliceous cliffs and block fields: **1 - rare occurrence**

1C Walls: **1 - rare occurrence**

1D Mobile calcareous screes: **1 - rare occurrence**

2 Alpine and subalpine grasslands

2B Subalpine tall-forb and tall-grass vegetation: **1 - rare occurrence**

4 Wetland and riverine herbaceous vegetation

4D Riverine reed vegetation: **1 - rare occurrence**

4E Reed vegetation of brooks: **1 - rare occurrence**

4G Tall-sedge beds: **1 - rare occurrence**

4H Vegetation of low annual hygrophilous herbs: **1 - rare occurrence**

4I Vegetation of nitrophilous annual hygrophilous herbs: **1 - rare occurrence**

4J River gravel banks: **1 - rare occurrence**

4K Petasites fringes of montane brooks: **1 - rare occurrence**

5 Vegetation of springs and mires

5D Calcareous fens: **1 - rare occurrence**

5E Acidic moss-rich fens and peatland meadows: **1 - rare occurrence**

5F Transitional mires: **1 - rare occurrence**

6 Meadows and mesic pastures

- 6A Mesic Arrhenatherum meadows: **2 - optimum**  
6B Montane mesic meadows: **2 - optimum**  
6C Pastures and park grasslands: **2 - optimum**  
6D Alluvial meadows of lowland rivers: **2 - optimum**  
6E Wet Cirsium meadows: **2 - optimum**  
6F Intermittently wet Molinia meadows: **2 - optimum**  
6G Vegetation of wet disturbed soils: **2 - optimum**  
7 Acidophilous grasslands  
7A Subalpine and montane acidophilous grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**  
7B Submontane Nardus grasslands: **2 - optimum**  
8 Dry grasslands  
8A Hercynian dry grasslands on rock outcrops: **1 - rare occurrence**  
8B Submediterranean dry grasslands on rock outcrops: **1 - rare occurrence**  
8C Narrow-leaved sub-continental steppes: **1 - rare occurrence**  
8D Broad-leaved dry grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**  
8E Acidophilous dry grasslands: **1 - rare occurrence**  
8F Thermophilous forest fringe vegetation: **1 - rare occurrence**  
9 Sand grasslands and rock-outcrop vegetation  
9B Open vegetation of acidic sands: **1 - rare occurrence**  
9C Festuca grasslands on acidic sands: **1 - rare occurrence**  
9D Pannonian sand steppes: **1 - rare occurrence**  
9E Acidophilous vegetation of spring therophytes and succulents: **1 - rare occurrence**  
9F Basiphilous vegetation of spring therophytes and succulents: **1 - rare occurrence**  
10 Saline vegetation  
10I Inland saline meadows: **1 - rare occurrence**  
11 Heathlands and scrub  
11A Dry lowland to subalpine heathlands: **1 - rare occurrence**  
11L Tall mesic and xeric shrub: **1 - rare occurrence**  
11N Low xeric scrub: **1 - rare occurrence**  
11R Scrub and pioneer woodland of forests clearings: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12 Forests  
12A Alder carrs: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12B Alluvial forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12C Oak-hornbeam forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12D Ravine forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12E Herb-rich beech forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12F Limestone beech forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12G Acidophilous beech forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12H Peri-Alpidic basiphilous thermophilous oak forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12I Sub-continental thermophilous oak forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12J Acidophilous thermophilous oak forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12K Acidophilous oak forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12L Boreo-continental pine forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12O Peri-Alpidic pine forests: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12T Robinia pseudacacia plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12U Plantations of broad-leaved non-native trees: **1 - rare occurrence**  
12V Spruce plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**

12W Pine and larch plantations: **1 - rare occurrence**

### 13 Anthropogenic vegetation

13A Annual vegetation of ruderal habitats: **1 - rare occurrence**

13B Annual vegetation of arable land: **2 - optimum**

13C Annual vegetation of trampled habitats: **1 - rare occurrence**

13D Perennial thermophilous ruderal vegetation: **2 - optimum**

13E Perennial nitrophilous herbaceous vegetation of mesic sites: **1 - rare occurrence**

13F Herbaceous vegetation of forests clearings and Rubus scrub: **1 - rare occurrence**

### Affinity to the forest environment

Affinity to the forest environment in Thermophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**

Affinity to the forest environment in Mesophyticum and Oreophyticum: **0 - taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**

### Constant taxon

Constant taxon of alliances: [TDA Arrhenatherion elatioris](#), [TDE Deschampsion cespitosae](#)

Constant taxon of associations: [MAB01 Centunculo minimi-Anthocerotum punctati](#), [TDA01 Pastinaco sativae-Arrhenatheretum elatioris](#), [TDA02 Ranunculo bulbosi-Arrhenatheretum elatioris](#), [TDA03 Poo-Trisetetum flavescens](#), [TDA04 Potentillo albae-Festucetum rubrae](#), [TDC01 Lolio perennis-Cynosuretum cristati](#), [TDC02 Anthoxantho odorati-Agrostietum tenuis](#), [TDE02 Holcetum lanati](#), [TDE04 Cnidio dubii-Deschampsietum cespitosae](#), [TDF02 Cirsietum rivularis](#), [TDF07 Scirpo sylvatici-Cirsietum cani](#)

### Ecological specialization indices

Ecological specialization index for all vegetation types: **5**

Ecological specialization index for non-forest vegetation: **5.1**

Ecological specialization index for forest vegetation: **4.1**

### Colonization ability

Index of colonization success (ICS): **7**

Index of colonization potential (ICP): **3**

Optimum successional age [years]: **15**

## Distribution and frequency

Distribution range extension along the continentality gradient: **6**

Elevational belt in the Czech Republic: **lowlands, colline belt, submontane belt, montane belt, subalpine belt**

Occurrence frequency in the basic grid mapping cells and quadrants of the basic grid mapping cells: **658**

taxon.data.freq\_in\_quad: **2236**

### Commonness in vegetation plots from the Czech Republic

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots: **6 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 5%: **1.3 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 25%: **0.1 %**

Occurrence frequency in vegetation plots with a cover above 50%: **0 %**

Mean percentage cover in vegetation plots: **2.2 %**

Maximum percentage cover in vegetation plots: **38 %**

Number of habitats with taxon occurrence in the Czech Republic

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon occurs: **63**

Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **10**

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon occurs: **12**

Number of broad habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **3**

### **Threats and protection**

Red List 2017 (national categories): **taxon is not on the Red List**

Red List 2017 (IUCN categories): **LC(NA) - least concern (taxon is not on the Red List)**

Legal protection: **not protected by law**