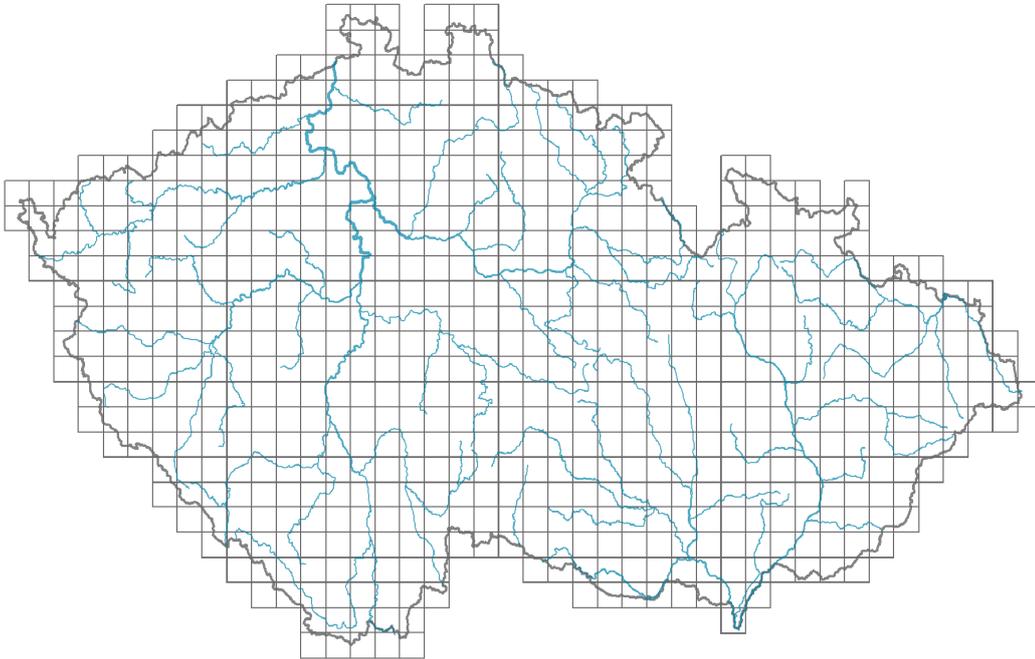# *Triticum turgidum Dicoccon Group*

## Distribution





**Map info**

● *revised records*

○ *unrevised records*

On the map are not visualized records without the coordinates and records marked as incorrect or doubtful.





### Habitus and growth type

Height [m]: **0.8–1.3**
Life form: **therophyte**

### Leaf

Leaf presence and metamorphosis: **leaves present, not modified**
Petiole: **absent**

### Flower

Flowering period [month]: **June–July**
Flower colour: **green**
Perianth type: **reduced**
Inflorescence type: **spica e spiculis composita**

### Fruit, seed and dispersal

Fruit colour: **brown**
Dispersal unit (diaspore): **fruit, infrutescence or its part**
Dispersal strategy: **Allium (mainly autochory)**

## Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotrophic**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

## Taxon origin

Origin in the Czech Republic: **archaeophyte**
Invasion status: **casual**
Geographic origin: **anecophyte**
Period of introduction: **Neolithic (5600–4200 BCE)**
Introduction pathway: **intentional – crops**

## Habitat and sociology

Occurrence in habitats
13 Anthropogenic vegetation
13A Annual vegetation of ruderal habitats: **1 – rare occurrence**
13B Annual vegetation of arable land: **1 – rare occurrence**
Affinity to the forest environment
Affinity to the forest environment in Thermophyticum: **0 – taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**
Affinity to the forest environment in Mesophyticum and Oreophyticum: **0 – taxon that does not spontaneously occur in Czech forests**

## Distribution and frequency

Occurrence frequency in the basic grid mapping cells and quadrants of the basic grid mapping cells: 0
taxon.data.freq_in_quad: 0
Number of habitats with taxon occurrence in the Czech Republic
Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon occurs: **2**
Number of narrow habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **0**
Number of broad habitats in which the taxon occurs: **1**
Number of broad habitats in which the taxon has its optimum: **0**